

## **VISION**

A Premier Quality Company, Providing Quality Products

And Maintaining An Excellent Level Of Ethical

And Professional Standards.

## **MISSION STATEMENT**

To become a leading manufacturer of textile products in the International & local markets and to explore new era to Achieve the highest level of success.



#### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

Board of Directors Mr. Muhammad Salim Chief Executive / Director

Mr. Muhammad Sharif Director
Mr. Muhammad Shaheen Director
Mr. Muhammad Shakeel Director
Mr. Khurram Salim Director
Mr. Bilal Sharif Director
Mr. Muhammad Amin Director
Mr. Adil Shakeel Director

Company Secretary Syed Asshraf Ali

ACA, AAIM(Aus)

Chief Financial Officer Mr. Anwar Hussain

**FCA** 

Audit Committee Mr. Khurram Salim Chairman Mr. Bilal Sharif Member

Mr. Muhammad Shakeel Member

Auditors M/s Mushtag and Company

Chartered Accountants 407, Commerce Centre, Hasrat Mohani Road

Karachi.

Legal Advisor Mr. Shahid Pervaiz Jamil

Bankers ABN Amro Bank

Citi Bank N. A. Habib Bank Limited

Hong Kong and Shanghi Banking Corporation Limited

Standard Chartered Bank MCB Bank Limited United Bank Limited Bank of Punjab

Share Registrar Hameed Majeed Associates (Private) Limited

5th Floor Karachi Chamber, Karachi

Registered Office Umer Chamber, 10/2, Bilmoria Street,

Off I. I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.

Tel: (021) 2635916-17 Fax: (021) 2637826

Email: khioff@umergroup.com Website: www.umergroup.com

Liason / Correspondence Office 9th Floor, City Towers, 6-K, Main Boulevard,

Gulberg II, Lahore Tel: (042) 111 130 130

Fax: (042) 5770015

Email: lhroff@umergroup.com Website: www.umergroup.com

Mills At: Unit I is situated at

Kotri District Dadu Tel: (0221) 870013

Unit II and III is situated at

Feroz Watwan, Sheikhupura, Punjab.

Tel: (0496) 731728



#### NOTICE OF THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE is hereby given that the 28th Annual General Meeting of the members of Bhanero Textile Mills Limited will be held on Wednesday 24th October 2007 at 4:30 PM., at the registered office of the company i.e. Umer Chambers, 10/2, Bilmoria Street, Off: I. I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi, to transact the following business:

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 29th December 2006.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended June 30, 2007 together with the Auditors' and Directors' Report thereon.
- 3. To approve the cash dividend @ 25% (i.e. PKR 2.5 per share) for the year ended 30th June, 2007, as recommended by the Board of Directors.
- 4. To appoint the auditors for the next term i.e. year 2007-2008 and fix their remuneration. The retiring auditors M/S Mushtaq and Company, Chartered Accountants, being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment.
- 5. To transact any other business with the permission of the chairman.

(by the order of the Board)

Karachi Dated: 27<sup>th</sup> September, 2007 Syed Asshraf Ali ACA, AAIM (Aus) Company Secretary

#### NOTES:

- The Shares Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from 17<sup>th</sup> October 2007 to 24<sup>th</sup> October, 2007 (both days inclusive). Transfers received in order at the registered office of the company i.e. Umer Chambers 10/2 Bilmoria Street, Off: I. I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi by 16<sup>th</sup> October 2007 will be treated in time for the purpose of entitlement of dividend in respect of the period ended 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2007.
- 2. A member entitled to attend and vote at the General Meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote instead of him/ her. No person other than a member shall act as proxy.
- 3. An instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other Authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of such power or authority, in order to be valid, must be deposited at the registered office of the company at least 48 hours before the time of the meeting and must be duly stamped, signed and witnessed.
- 4. Any individual Beneficial Owner of CDC, entitled to attend and vote at this meeting, must bring his/her original CNIC or Passport, Account and participant's I.D. numbers, to prove his/her identity, and in case of proxy must enclose an attested copy of his/her CNIC or Passport. Representatives of corporate members should bring the usual documents required for such purpose. The account/ sub account holders of CDC will further have to follow the guidelines as laid down in Circular No. 1 of 2000 dated January 26, 2000 issued by Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan.
- 5. Members are requested to immediately inform of any change in their addresses to our Share Registrar, Hameed Majeed Associates (Private) Limited.



#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors' of your company have a pleasure to present before you annual report of the company with annual audited financial statements for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2007.

#### Overview

By the grace of Al-Mighty Allah your company remained among dominant in the Pakistan Textile Industries during the financial year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2007 and maintained the position among the market leaders both in domestic and international markets.

The financial year ended June 30, 2007 was a great milestone for the company. Your Company has made a land mark achievement by making a record sale of PKR 3.521 billion during the year ended June 30, 2007 against the last year sales of PKR 2.672 billion and registered a growth rate of 32%.

#### **Industry Scenario**

The growth in the textile exports of Pakistan is gradually declining. Textile exports in Pakistan grew from 8.92 billion USD in 2004-05 to 10.11 billion USD in 2005-06, reflecting a growth rate of 18%. As against this, in the current year, export growth has been only 5%. This growing rate is to be an issue of concern for the Pakistani government.

The exports of readymade garments grew from 1.190 billion USD to 1.254 billion USD in the period July 2006 May 2007 as compared to the same period in the 2005-2006. This amounted to a growth of 5.35%. The exports of knitwear also grew from 1.570 billion USD to 1.773 billion USD during the same period, recording a growth rate of 12.94%.

However, there was a decline in the growth rate of export in raw cotton, bed clothes as well as cotton cloth during the same period. The export growth rate of raw cotton fell by 21.73%, while that of bed clothes and cotton cloth dropped by 3.10% and 4.10% respectively.

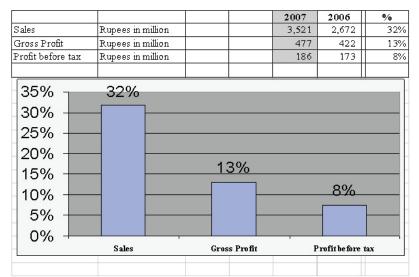
In order to bring the Pakistan textile industry out of its current crisis, it is necessary that certain strict measures be taken to meet the challenges that the industry is facing.

The Pakistan textile industry is facing tough competition from the Indian, Bangladeshi and Chinese textile industries. The cost of power and financing in Pakistan is much higher as compared to that in other countries.

According to the Pakistan Ministry of Textiles, an export target of 13 billion USD has been fixed for the year 2007-08. It seems impossible to achieve this target due to adverse policies of the government.

#### **Operating Results**

A comparison of the operating results of the company for the year ended June 30, 2007 with the same period of last year is as under:





During the year under review, your company achieved an overall growth of 16.19% in term of quantity whereas the net sales revenue registered a growth of 31.77% over the last year. The increase in turnover is mainly due to addition of new weaving unit comprising of 140 air jet looms which started production in last year.

The cost of production of your company increased during the year under review because of increase in cost of fuel and power, salaries and wages and other consumables due to cost push inflation.

The gross profit of your company for the year under review registered a growth of 13.03% in terms of value over last year because of volumetric growth in sales.

During the year company availed the State Bank of Pakistan Scheme of Long Term Finance for Export Oriented Project (LTF-EOP) and converted its eligible loan under LTF-EOP. Under the scheme the rate of markup is 7% per annum.

#### **Profit Appropriation**

We are glad to report that your company is maintaining the pace of regular improvement in all areas of operations and it is because we believe in steady growth. By the grace of Allah we are among those companies who have successfully managed their consistent profitability.

Your company continued to perform well and posted profit before taxation for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2007 PKR 185.608 Million (30<sup>th</sup> June 2006: PKR 173.463 Million). The allocation of profit for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2007 is summarized as under;

	2007 RUPEES	2006 RUPEES
Profit before taxation Taxation Profit after taxation Un-appropriated profit brought forward Profit available for appropriation	185,608,841 (61,842,409) 123,766,432 57,169,995 180,936,427	173,463,559 (35,886,320) 137,577,239 34,592,756 172,169,995
Appropriations: Dividend paid Transferred to General Reserve Un-appropriated profit carried forward	(7,500,000) (100,000,000) 73,436,427	(15,000,000) (100,000,000) 57,169,995
Basic and diluted earning per share	41.26	45.86

#### **Dividend**

The board of directors is pleased to recommend a final cash dividend of 25% i.e PKR 2.5 per share (June 2006: 25% i.e. PKR 2.5 per share) for the approval of shareholders at the forthcoming annul general meeting.

#### **Breakup Value and Earning per Share**

The breakup value of your share as on 30<sup>th</sup> June 2007 is PKR 284.47 (30<sup>th</sup> June 2006: PKR 245.72). The Earning per Share (EPS) of your company for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2007 is PKR 41.26 (30<sup>th</sup> June 2006: PKR 45.86).



#### Statement on Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework

The Directors of your Company are aware of their responsibilities under the Code of Corporate Governance incorporated in the Listing Rules of the Stock Exchanges in the country under instructions from the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan. We are taking all the necessary steps to ensure Good Corporate Governance in your Company as required by the Code. As a part of the compliance of the Code, we confirm the following:

These financial statements, prepared by the management of the company, present fairly its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.

Proper books of account of the company have been maintained.

Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.

International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements.

The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.

There are no significant doubts upon the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.

We have prepared and circulated a Statement of Ethics and business strategy among directors and employees.

The Board of Directors has adopted a vision and mission statement and a statement of overall corporate strategy.

As required by the Code of Corporate Governance, we have included the following information in this report:

- Statement of pattern of shareholding has been given separately.
- Statement of shares held by associated undertakings and related persons.
- Statement of the Board meetings held during the year and attendance by each director has been given separately.
- Key operating and financial statistics for last six years.

Information about taxes and levies is given in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Related Party transaction and Transfer Pricing

It is the policy of the company to ensure that all transactions entered with related parties must be at arms length. The company has adopted comparable uncontrolled price method for pricing of transaction with related parties.

#### **Audit Committee**

The audit committee of the company is working as required by the code of corporate governance. The audit committee has established internal audit system to monitor and review the adequacy and implementation of internal control at each level. The meetings of audit committee were held in compliance of the requirements of Code of Corporate Governance. Interim and annual financial statements were reviewed by the audit committee before the approval of board of directors.



#### **Financial statements**

The financial statements of the company have been duly audited and approved without qualification by the auditors of the company, Mushtaq and Company, Chartered Accountants and their report is attached with the financial statements.

No material changes in contingencies and commitments, affecting the financial position of your company, have occurred between the end of the financial year to which this balance sheet relates and the date of the directors' report.

#### Pattern of Shareholding

The pattern of shareholding and additional information regarding pattern of shareholding is attached separately.

No trade in the shares of the company was carried out by CEO, CFO and Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children except those that have been duly reported as per the law.

#### Auditors

The present auditors M/s Mushtaq and Company, Chartered Accountants shall retire on the conclusion of the 28<sup>th</sup> annual general meeting. Being eligible, they offer themselves for re-appointment as auditor of the company to hold office from the conclusion of 28<sup>th</sup> annual general meeting until the conclusion of 29<sup>th</sup> annual general meeting. The audit committee has recommended the appointment of aforesaid M/s Mushtaq and Company, Chartered Accountants, as external auditor for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2008. The external auditors, M/s Mushtaq and Company, Chartered Accountants have been given satisfactory rating under the quality review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and the firm and all its partner are in compliance with the International Federation of Accountants' Guidelines on the Code of Ethics as adopted by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.

#### Safety, Health and Environment

We maintain our commitment to higher standard of Safety, Health and Environment. All our employees undergo continuous training on all aspects of safety especially with regards to the safe production, delivery, storage and handling of the materials. In addition we have initiated a rotation exercise at the mill whereby our aim is to ensure that all supervisors are also safety managers and are fully cognizant of all aspects of safety training. Due these controls and with the blessing of Al-Mighty Allah no major accidents or incidents took place at the mill.

#### **Expansion Plan**

In view of the current economic scenario where the cost of financing and production is rapidly increasing and recent expansion of the company, no further expansion is under consideration in near future.

However, normal BMR will continue as and when required.

#### **Business Risks, Challenges and Future Outlook**

While economy is continuously growing and performing well, inflation and social disruptions arising from political uncertainty are a concern. Rising inflation and high interest rates may have some adverse impact on the growth of the economy. However, on the other hand, expected infrastructure development is promising indicators.

The cotton situation is again not looking very favorable. Market is under pressure due to high prices of cotton affecting cost of manufacturing of yarn for all counts. This may lead to Pakistan loosing its share of export to India, China & Bangladesh due to their government supportive export policies. Government has set the cotton target for the year 2007-2008 as 14.1 million bales. Due to supportive weather and the growth of BT cotton in some areas, it is expected that the production will be close to this target. But on the other hand the consumption is estimated as around 16.0 million bales. Pakistan is facing 2.0 million shortfall of cotton even if the target is achieved. International cotton market is also at high tune. The New York future has touched to 70 US cent per pound. Due to lower estimated production in USA this year and negative trend of ending world stock, it is expected the New York will remain high. We are fully cognizant of the possible shortage of cotton



with high prices and are prepared to do everything possible to mitigate the adverse impact of such an event. But your management is not hopeful to have goods results until the attitude of government is not changed for textile sector.

#### Acknowledgement

Your directors' record with appreciation, the efforts of the company's executives, managers, technicians and workers who have worked vigorously to meet the targets set before them. Your directors also extended their appreciation to the company's bankers, valued customers, suppliers, shareholders and government authorities for the cooperation extended by them during this period.

By the Order of the Board

**Mohammad Salim** 

Chief Executive / Director

#### YEAR WISE OPERATING DATA

Karachi: 27th September 2007

	June 30			Se	otember 30	
SPINNING UNIT	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Spindles Installed	67,776	67,776	67,776	45,504	45,504	40,080
Rotors Installed	192	192	192			
Spindles Worked	67,776	67,776	67,776	45,504	45,504	40,080
Rotors Worked	192	192	192			
No. Of Shifts worked per day.	3	3	3	3	3	3
Installed Capacity after conversion	23,200,746	23,200,746	14,489,726	15,537,833	15,319,544	13,103,594
into 20/s Count. (Kgs.)						
Actual Production after conversion	23,916,723	25,541,642	15,281,522	14,958,487	14,528,675	12,711,407
into 20/s Count (Kgs.)						
WEAVING UNIT			-	-	-	-
Air Jet Looms Installed	140	140	-	-	-	-
Air Jet Looms Worked	140	140				
Installed Capacity after conversion	26,166,485	20,034,909	-	-	-	-
into 50 picks - sq. Meter						
Actual Production after conversion	33,878,770	24,198,242	-	-	-	-
into 50 picks - sq. Meter						



		June 30		September 30		
YEAR WISE FINANCIAL DATA	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Rupees In Thousand				Γhousands		
Fixed Assets	1,995,219	2,127,525	1,308,145	719,949	500,829	472,431
Investments, Long Term Loans & Deposits	11,952	15,882	21,317	29,279	10,542	14,501
Current Assets	1,393,808	924,099	1,040,478	604,783	404,468	408,613
Share Holders Equity	853,436	737,170	614,593	563,677	478,143	403,163
Long Term Liabilities	793,958	1,161,703	775,114	208,436	113,436	76,056
Deferred Liabilities	162,471	109,232	80,254	45,085	82,753	81,098
Current Liabilities	1,500,363	1,083,318	893,642	536,811	241,517	335,234
Turnover (Net)	3,521,088	2,671,677	1,174,793	1,530,174	1,426,008	1,285,217
Gross Profit	476,569	422,102	207,430	138,606	221,702	201,730
Operating Profit	386,589	357,854	151,449	88,353	159,552	128,756
Financial Charges	200,980	184,390	48,703	31,250	31,808	52,355
Profit Before Taxation	185,609	173,463	102,745	56,275	136,614	72,677
Profit After Taxation	123,766	137,577	88,351	85,534	104,981	46,996
Cash Dividend	7,500	15,000	15,000	-	30,000	15,000
Transfer To Reserves	100,000	100,000	76,000	100,900	-	32,000
Profit C/F	73,436	57,170	34,593	59,678	74,995	63

# NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS ATTENDED BY CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS, CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER AND COMPANY SECRETARY:

	2006			2007		
Directors	07 <sup>th</sup> Oct	30 <sup>th</sup> Oct.	18 <sup>th</sup> Nov	26 <sup>th</sup> Feb	27 <sup>th</sup> Apr	
Mr. Mohammad Salim	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	5/5
Mr. Mohammad Sharif	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	5/5
Mr. Mohammad Shaheen	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	5/5
Mr. Mohammad Shakeel	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	5/5
Mr. Khurram Salim	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	4/5
Mr. Bilal Sharif	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	4/5
Mr. Mohammad Amin	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	4/5
Mr. Adil Shakeel	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	4/5
Chief Financial Officer:						
Mr. Anwar Hussain	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	✓	✓	5/5
Company Secretary:						
MrAsif Mahmood	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	5/5
	6/10	10/10	10/10	10/10	10/10	46/50



## STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE BEST PRACTICE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PERIOD 30th JUNE, 2007

This statement is being presented to comply with the code of corporate governance contained in listing regulation No. 37 of the Karachi Stock Exchange, Chapter XIII of the listing regulation of the Lahore Stock Exchange and Chapter XI of the listing regulation of the Islamabad Stock Exchange for purpose of establishing a framework of good corporate governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with best practices of corporate governance.

The company applies the principles contained in the Code in the following manner.

- 1. The company encourages representation of independent non executive directors and directors representing minority interest on its Board of Directors. The Board of directors of the Company has always supported implementation of the highest standards of Corporate Governance at all times.
- 2. The directors have confirmed that none of the directors of the company are serving as a director in more than ten listed companies, including this company.
- 3. The Company has prepared a "Statement of Ethics and Business Practices", which has been signed by all the directors, non workmen employees and has been communicated formally to workmen employees of the Company.
- 4. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 5. There was no casual vacancy in the board of director occurred during the year.
- 6. The meeting of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose and the Board met once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meeting were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 7. All the directors of the company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payments of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI. No director in the board is a member of any Stock exchange in Pakistan.
- 8. The Board arranged one orientation course for its directors during the year apprised them of their duties and responsibilities and briefed them regarding amendment in the Companies Ordinance 1984 and other corporate laws, including the changes made in income tax ordinance 2001 through Finance Act.
- 9. The CEO and CFO duly endorsed the financial statements of the company before approval of the board.
- 10. The director's report has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 11. The meetings of the audit committee were held once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Company and as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 12. The Board has formed an audit committee. It comprises three members, of whom two are non-executive directors.



- 13. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and the Board has taken decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the Chief Executive Officer and other executive directors have been taken by the Board.
- 14. The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code.
- 15. All material information as described in clause (Xiii) of the Code of Corporate Governance is disseminated to the Stock Exchange and Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan in time.
- 16. The directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- 17. The Board has set up effective internal audit function with suitable qualified and experienced personnel, which are involved in the internal audit function on full time basis.
- 18. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review programme of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they are not aware of any instances where shares of the company are held by any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children and that the firm and all its partners are compliant with International Federation of accountants (IFAC) guidelines on Code of ethics as adopted by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP)
- 19. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 20. We confirm that all other material principles contained in the code have been complied with.

Mohammad Salim

Chief Executive / Director

#### BHANERO TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED

# MUSHTAQ & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTS

407-Commerce Centre, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi-74200, Pakistan Branch Office: 19-B, Block-G, Gulberg-III Lahore.

Tel; 2638521-4 Fax: 2639843 Email: hmi@cyber.net.pk Tel: 850834, 5865618

## REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH BEST PRACTICES OF CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have reviewed the statement of compliance with the best practice contained in the Code of Corporate Governance as applicable to the company for the year ended June 30, 2007 prepared by the Board of Directors of **Bhanero Textile Mills Limited** to comply with the Listing Regulation No. 37 and Chapter XIII Section No. 36 of the Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited respectively where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is that of the Board of Directors of the company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the statement of compliance reflects the status of the company's compliance with the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance and report if it does not. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the company personnel and review of various documents prepared by the company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control system sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We have not carried out any special review of the internal control system to enable us to express an opinion as to whether the Board's statement on internal control covers all controls and the effectiveness of such internal controls.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the statement of compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respect, with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance as applicable to the company for the year ended June 30, 2007.

KARACHI:

Dated: 27th September 2007

MUSHTAQ & COMPANY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS



#### BHANERO TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED

# MUSHTAQ & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTS

407-Commerce Centre, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi-74200, Pakistan Branch Office: 19-B, Block-G, Gulberg-III Lahore.

Tel; 2638521-4 Fax: 2639843 Email: hmi@cyber.net.pk

**1-4 Fax:** Tel: 850834, 5865618

#### **AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS**

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of **Bhanero Textile Mills Limited** as at June 30, 2007 and the related profit and loss account, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by the management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- (a) in our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept by the company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
- (b) in our opinion:
  - (i) the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied,
  - (ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the company's business; and
  - (iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the company;
- (c) in our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at June 30, 2007 and of the profit, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- (d) in our opinion Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 was deducted by the company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that ordinance..

The financial statements of the company for the year ended June 30, 2006 were audited by another firm of Chartered Accountants who had expressed unqualified opinion thereon vide their reports dated October 07, 2006

KARACHI:

Dated: 27th September 2007

MUSHTAQ & COMPANY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

June 30,

June 30,



#### **BALANCE SHEET**

	NOTE	2007 Rupees	2006 Rupees
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorized capital			
6,000,000 (2006: 6,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each		60,000,000	60,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital General Reserves Unappropriated profits	3	30,000,000 750,000,000 73,436,427 <b>853,436,427</b>	30,000,000 650,000,000 57,169,995 737,169,995
Loans from sponsors and relatives	4	100,000,000	-
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES Long term financing - secured Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Long term murabaha Deferred liabilities	5 6 7 8	778,731,132 - 15,227,272 162,471,086	1,114,285,713 10,371,656 37,045,454 109,232,515
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables Mark-up accrued on loans and other payables Short term borrowings - secured Current portion of long term borrowings Provision for taxation	9 10 11 12	179,307,792 29,421,328 922,987,897 350,761,268 17,884,713 1,500,362,998	304,413,327 28,223,127 516,338,225 213,411,260 20,931,706 <b>1,083,317,645</b>
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	13	-	-
		3,410,228,915	3,091,422,978

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

MUHAMMAD SALIM
CHIEF EXECUTIVE / DIRECTOR

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#### **AS AT JUNE 30, 2007**

	NOTE	June 30, 2007 Rupees	June 30, 2006 Rupees
ASSETS			
NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	14	1,995,219,787	2,127,525,460
Capital work in progress	15	9,248,059	23,915,325
LONG TERM INVESTMENT	16	425,000	400,000
LONG TERM LOANS	17	9,245,316	6,187,334
LONG TERM DEPOSITS	18	2,282,551	9,295,044
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores, spares and loose tools Stock in trade Trade debts Loans and advances Trade deposits and short term prepayments Other receivables Taxation Cash and bank balances	19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	28,412,108 838,621,006 373,615,618 48,367,146 27,751,923 5,118,025 16,304,889 55,617,487 1,393,808,202 3,410,228,915	24,508,294 594,035,718 180,966,914 59,935,156 19,195,814 166,573 21,432,496 23,858,850 924,099,815 3,091,422,978

**MUHAMMAD SHAKEEL** 

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#### PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	NOTE	Year ended June 30, 2007 Rupees	Year ended June 30, 2006 Rupees
Sales	27	3,521,088,497	2,671,677,837
Cost of goods sold	28	(3,044,519,560)	(2,249,574,997)
Gross profit	20	476,568,937	422,102,840
Other operating income	29	1,420,288	16,568,617
		477,989,225	438,671,457
Distribution cost	30	(28,544,545)	(27,142,283)
Administrative expenses	31	(53,086,515)	(43,935,950)
Other operating expenses	32	(9,768,886)	(9,738,741)
Finance cost	33	(200,980,438)	(184,390,924)
		(292,380,384)	(265,207,898)
Profit before tax		185,608,841	173,463,559
Provision for taxation	34		
Current year		(17,735,240)	(20,931,706)
Prior year		2,068,065	585,321
Deferred		(46,175,234)	(15,539,935)
		(61,842,409)	(35,886,320)
Profit after tax		123,766,432	137,577,239
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	35	41.26	45.86

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

**MUHAMMAD SALIM** 

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CHIEF EXECUTIVE / DIRECTOR

**MUHAMMAD SHAKEEL** 

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## CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Year ended June 30, 2007 Rupees	Year ended June 30, 2006 Rupees
Profit before tax	185,608,841	173,463,559
Adjustments for: Depreciation on property, plant and equipment Provision for employees' benefits Provision for bad debts Infrastructure fee (Gain) due to change in the fair value of investments available for sale (Gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment Finance cost Operating cash flows before changes in working capital (Increase)/decrease in current assets	203,165,705 9,555,299 6,856,318 3,841,029 (25,000) (1,047,140) 200,980,438 608,935,490	162,951,957 9,702,140 1,232,374 4,155,314 (82,500) (3,126,921) 184,390,923 532,686,846
Increase/decrease in current assets Inventories Trade debts Loans and advances Trade deposits Other receivables Taxation	(248,489,102) (199,505,022) 17,396,160 (8,556,109) (4,951,452) 5,127,607 (438,977,918)	191,000,460 (27,225,758) (9,318,350) (10,925,127) 6,352,263 (15,313,117) 134,570,371
Increase in trade and other payables  Cash generated by operations  Finance cost paid  Employees' benefits paid  Income taxes paid  Long term loans  Long term deposits	(125,112,210) 44,845,362 (199,782,237) (6,332,991) (24,542,318) (3,057,982) 7,012,493 (226,703,035)	142,870,175 810,127,392 (174,921,651) (6,756,009) (7,204,040) 146,084 5,371,392 (183,364,224)
Net cash used in operating activities  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(181,857,673)	626,763,168
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Purchase of property, plant and equipment	1,930,000 (57,075,626)	5,460,000 (1,008,580,857)
Net cash used in investing activities	(55,145,626)	(1,003,120,857)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Receipt of long term financing Payment of long term financing Payment of long term financing -murabaha Proceeds from sponsors and relatives Payment of liability against assets subject to finance lease Short term bank borrowings Dividend paid	(162,697,438) (21,818,182) 100,000,000 (45,878,791) 406,649,672 (7,493,325)	600,000,000 (20,000,000) (21,818,182) - (37,992,968) (117,212,096) (14,983,624)
Net cash from financing activities	268,761,936	387,993,130
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	31,758,637 23,858,850	11,635,441 12,223,409
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	55,617,487	23,858,850

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

MUHAMMAD SALIM
CHIEF EXECUTIVE / DIRECTOR

MUHAMMAD SHAKEEL



## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

-	SHARE CAPITAL	GENERAL RESERVES	UN-APPROPRIATED PROFIT	TOTAL
	<b>←</b>	RU	JPEES ————	
Balance as at June 30, 2005	30,000,000	550,000,000	34,592,756	614,592,756
Profit for the year ended June 30, 2006.	-	-	137,577,239	137,577,239
Transfer to general reserves	-	100,000,000	(100,000,000)	-
Final dividend paid for the year ended June 30, 2005 at the rate of PKR 5 per share	-		(15,000,000)	(15,000,000)
Balance as at June 30, 2006	30,000,000	650,000,000	57,169,995	737,169,995
Profit for the year ended June 30, 2007.	-	-	123,766,432	123,766,432
Final dividend paid for the year ended June 30, 2006 at the rate of Rs. 2.5 per share	-	-	(7,500,000)	(7,500,000)
Transfer to general reserves	-	100,000,000	(100,000,000)	-
Balance as at June 30, 2007	30,000,000	750,000,000	73,436,427	853,436,427

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

MUHAMMAD SALIM

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CHIEF EXECUTIVE / DIRECTOR

**MUHAMMAD SHAKEEL** 

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#### 1 STATUS AND ACTIVITIES

The Company was incorporated in Pakistan as public limited company on March 30, 1980. Its shares are quoted on the Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad stock exchanges. The company is principally engaged in manufacturing and sale of yarn and woven fabrics.

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Accounting Standards as notified under the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Wherever, the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 or directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan differ with the requirements of these standards, the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 or the requirements of the said directives take precedence.

#### 2.2 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for financial instruments that are stated at fair value or where specifically stated.

#### 2.3 Significant estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IAS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumption that affect the application of policies and reported amount of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, results of which form the basis of making judgment about carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Judgments made by the management in the application of IAS that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustments in the next year are discussed in the ensuing paragraphs.

#### 2.3.1 Employee retirement benefits

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme (defined benefit plan) for all its permanent employees who have completed minimum qualifying period of service as defined under the respective scheme. Provisions are made annually to cover the obligation under the scheme on the basis of actuarial valuation and are charged to income. The calculation require assumptions to be made of future outcomes, the principal ones being in respect of increases in remuneration and discount rate used to derive present value of defined benefit obligation. The assumptions are reviewed by the management each year.

#### 2.3.2 Property, plant and equipment

The company reviews the useful lives of property, plant and equipment on regular basis. Any change in the estimates in the future years might affect the carrying amount of the respective items of property, plant and equipment with a corresponding affect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

#### 2.3.3 Taxation

The company takes into account the current income tax law and decisions taken by the appellant authorities. Instances where the company's view differ from the view take by the income tax department at the assessment stage and the company considers that its view on the items of material nature is in accordance with the law, the amounts are shown as contingent liabilities.

#### 2.3.4 Trade debts and other receivables

The company considers recoverability of its trade debts and other receivables on regular basis and determines whether any provision is required for doubtful debts and receivables. Any change in the estimates in the future years might affect the carrying amount of respective items of trade debts and other receivables with a corresponding affect on the provision for doubtful debts and receivables.



#### 2.3.5 Future estimation of export sales

Deferred tax calculation has been made based on estimate of future ratio of export and local sales.

#### 2.3.6 Interest rate and cross currency swap

The Company has entered into various interest rates and cross currency swap over the last year. The calculation involves use of estimates with regard to interest and foreign currency rates which fluctuate with the market forces.

#### 2.4 Employee benefits

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme (defined benefit plan) for all its permanent employees who have completed minimum qualifying period of service as defined under the respective scheme. Contributions are made annually to cover the obligation as determined by the management internally under the schemes on the basis of actuarial valuation and are charged to income. The most recent valuation was carried out as at June 30, 2007 using the "Project Unit Credit Method".

The amount recognized in the balance sheet represents the present value of defined benefit obligation. Actuarial gains or losses are recognised in the period in which it occurs.

Details of the scheme is given in the relevant note to the financial statements.

#### Compensated absences

The company accounts for these benefits in the period in which absences accrue.

#### 2.5 Standards, interpretation and amendments to published approved accounting standards

#### 2.5.1 Amendments to published standards effective in 2006

IAS 19 (Amendment) - Employees Benefits, is mandatory for the company's accounting period beginning on or after July 01, 2006. It introduces the option of an alternative recognition approach for actuarial gains and losses. It also adds new disclosures requirements. The company does not intend to adopt the alternative approach for recognition of actuarial gains and losses. Adoption of this amendment only impact the format and extent of disclosures as presented in the note 8.2 to the financial statements

#### 2.5.2 Standards, amendments and interpretations effective in 2006 but not relevant

Other new standards, amendments and interpretation that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after July 01, 2006 are considered not to be relevant or have any significant effect to the company's operations are not detailed here.

#### 2.5.3 Accounting standards not yet effective

The following new standards and amendments of approved accounting standards are applicable in Pakistan from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or amendment In addition, interpretations in relation to certain IFRSs have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board that are not yet affective. The Company expects that the adoption of the above standards, amendments and interpretations will have no impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

IAS - 1 Presentation of Financial Statements – amendments relating to capital disclosures	effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 01, 2007
IAS - 23 (Revised) Borrowing Costs	effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 01, 2009
IAS - 41 Agriculture	effective from accounting period beginning on or after May 22, 2007
IFRS - 2 Share based Payment	effective from accounting period beginning on or after December 06, 2006
IFRS - 3 Business Combinations	effective for business combinations for which agreement date is on or after December $\bf 06,2006$
IFRS - 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations	effective from accounting period beginning on or after December 06, 2006

IFRS - 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of effective from accounting period beginning on or after December 06, 2006 Mineral Resources



#### 2.6 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment except freehold land are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment in value, if any. Freehold land is stated at cost. Cost also includes borrowing cost wherever applicable.

Depreciation is charged to profit and loss account applying the reducing balance method over its estimated useful life at the rates specified in property, plant and equipment note. Depreciation on additions to property, plant and equipment is charged from the month in which property, plant and equipment is available for use while no depreciation is charged for the month in which property, plant and equipment is disposed off.. However, major additions or extensions to production facilities, effected by capitalization out of capital work in progress, are depreciated on a pro rata-basis.

Maintenance and repairs are charged to profit and loss as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired.

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If such indication exists and where the carrying value exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, the assets are written down to the recoverable amount.

Gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment are taken to profit and loss account.

#### 2.7 Accounting for finance lease

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. Assets subject to finance lease recognized as assets of the Company at lower of the present value of minimum lease payments, each determined at the inception of the lease and the fair value of leased assets at the date of acquisition. These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is charged at the rates specified in the property, plant and equipment note. The corresponding liabilities to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as liabilities against assets subject to finance lease. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the liabilities against assets subject to finance lease so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are charged directly against income, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalized in accordance with the Company's general policy on borrowing costs.

#### 2.8 Capital work in progress

Capital work in progress and stores held for capital expenditure are stated at cost and represents expenditure incurred on property, plant and equipment during construction and installation. Cost includes borrowing costs as referred in accounting policy of borrowing cost. Transfers are made to relevant property, plant and equipment category as and when assets are available for use.

#### 2.9 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than Pakistani rupees are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date except where forward exchange contracts have been entered into for repayment of liabilities in that case, the rates contracted for are used.

Gains and losses arising on retranslation are included in net profit or loss for the period.

#### 2.10 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying asset, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying asset is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing cost are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 2.11 Investment available for sale

Investment securities held by the Company which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in interest rates or equity prices are classified as available for sale. These investments are initially recognized at cost and subsequently remeasured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from re-measurement at fair value are charged to profit and loss account. For investment in listed securities, closing quotations of stock exchange on last working day of the accounting year is used for determining fair value.

All investments are de - recognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.



#### 2.12 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts and other receivables are carried at original invoice amount less an estimate made for doubtful receivables based on review of outstanding amounts at the year end. Balances considered bad and irrecoverable are written off when identified.

#### 2.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consists of cash in hand, cash in transit and balances with banks.

#### 2.14 Borrowings

Loans and borrowings are recorded at the proceeds received. Finance costs are accounted for on an accrual basis and are included in mark-up accrued on loans and other payables to the extent of amount remaining unpaid, if any.

#### 2.15 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other payables are carried at their cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received whether billed to the Company or not.

#### 2.16 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and de-recognised when the Company loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial assets and in case of financial liability when obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. A financial asset and financial liability is offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet, if the company has a legally enforceable right to set off the transaction and also intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The particular recognition methods adopted by the Company are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item of financial instruments.

#### **Derivative financial instruments**

The Company enters into derivative financial instruments, which include future contracts. Derivatives are initially recorded at cost and are re-measured to fair value on subsequent reporting dates. The fair value of a derivative is the equivalent of the unrealized gain or loss from marking to market the derivative using prevailing market rates. Derivatives with positive market values (unrealized gains) are included in other receivables and derivatives with negative market values (unrealized losses) are included in other liabilities in the balance sheet. The resultant gains and losses from derivatives held for trading purposes are included in income currently. No derivative is designated as hedging instrument by the Company.

#### 2.17 Stores, spares and loose tools

These are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on weighted average basis. Items in transit are valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges paid there on. Items considered obsolete are carried at nil value.

#### 2.18 Stock in trade

These are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value applying the following basis:

Raw material At weighted average cost
Work in progress Average manufacturing cost
Finished goods Average manufacturing cost

Waste Net realizable value

Raw material in transit is stated at invoice price plus other charges paid thereon up to the balance sheet date.

Average manufacturing cost in relation to work in process and finished goods, consists of direct material and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal capacity.

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### 2.19 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business.

Sale of goods are recognized when goods are delivered and title has passed.



Dividend income from investments is recognized when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established.

#### 2.20 Provisions

Provisions are recognized in the balance sheet when the Company has a present, legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made.

#### 2.21 Taxation

#### Current

The charge for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rate of taxation after taking into account applicable tax credit, rebates and exemption available, if any or minimum taxation at the rate of one half percent of the turnover whichever is higher. However, for income covered under final tax regime, taxation is based on applicable tax rates under such regime.

#### **Deferred**

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method for all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount for financial reporting purposes. In this regard the effects on deferred taxation of the portion of income subject to final tax regime is also considered in accordance with the requirement of "Technical Release - 27" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.

Deferred income tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences and carry forward of unused tax losses, if any, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which such temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that are expected to be applied to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statements, except in the case of items credited or charged to equity, in which case it is included in equity.

#### 2.22 Dividend

 $\label{lem:period} \mbox{Dividend is recognised in the period in which it is approved by the shareholders.}$ 

#### 2.23 Related party transactions

Transaction with related parties are priced at comparable uncontrolled market price. All transactions involving related parties arising in the normal course of business are conducted at arm's length using valuation modes, as admissible. Parties are said to be related when they meet the definition as provided in the Companies Ordinance, 1984.

#### 2.24 Impairment

The carrying amounts of the assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment of any asset or group of assets. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of that asset or group of assets is estimated and impairment losses are recognized in the profit and loss account, if significant.

#### 3 ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP CAPITAL

No. of Shares		June 30 2007	June 30 2006
June 30 June 30 2007 2006	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	Rup	
1,762,500 1,762,500 1,237,500 1,237,500	- fully paid in cash	17,625,000 12,375,000	17,625,000 12,375,000
3,000,000	- =	30,000,000	30,000,000
LOAN FROM SPONSORS AND RELATI	VES	100,000,000	

This represents loan received from the sponsors and their relatives. It is unsecured and interest free. The repayments terms of loan is at the option of company and repayable after more than one year.



	NG TERM FINANCING - seculom financial institutions	red	LTF-(EOP) loans	NON-LTF loans	June 2007 Rupees	June 2006 Rupees
Teri Teri Teri	rm Loan rm Loan rm Loan	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5	36,876,148 274,427,806 322,235,885 98,862,826 732,402,665	163,123,852 68,429,336 72,209,535 61,137,174 364,899,897	200,000,000 342,857,142 394,445,420 160,000,000 <b>1,097,302,562</b>	10,000,000 250,000,000 400,000,000 400,000,000 200,000,000 <b>1,260,000,000</b>
Teri Teri Teri Teri	rm Loan rm Loan rm Loan	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5	9,219,036 91,475,936 92,067,396 24,715,706 217,478,074 514,924,591	40,780,964 22,809,779 22,218,319 15,284,294 101,093,356 263,806,541	50,000,000 114,285,715 114,285,715 40,000,000 318,571,430 778,731,132	10,000,000 50,000,000 57,142,858 28,571,429 - 145,714,287 1,114,285,713

	Term Loan 5.5	217	7,715,706 7,478,074 1,924,591	15,284,294 101,093,356 263,806,541	318,5	000,000 571,430 731,132	145,714,287 1,114,285,713
	Security	l	Repayment		Markup u	LTF Markı	ıp up Non-LTF
5.1	First pari passu hypothecation for F Million over plant and machinery of Bha II located at Ferozewatuwan, Shei Faisalabad Road, Shiekhupura.	nero Unit		twelve equal qua commencing 2004.	,	rate plus	hs T-Bill cutoff 1% (2006:Six -Bill cutoff rate
5.2	First equitable mortgage charge of building, fitting and fixtures and p machinery of PKR 553.0 Million of unitat SITE Kotri Sindh.	lant and		in ten half y commencing 5, 2006.		6M KIBO KIBOR+	PR+1% ( 2006: 6 1%)
5.3	First pari passu equitable mortgage cha land and building and 1st par hypothecation charge on plant & mac PKR 534.0 million of unit III loo Ferrozwatton, Sheikhupura-Faisalaba Sheikhupura	i passu hinery of cated at		fourteen semi a with expiry dat )		3M KIBO 3KIBOR	,
5.4	First pari passu equitable mortgage challand and building and 1st parr hypothecation charge on plant & mac PKR 534.0 million of unit III loc Ferrozwatton, Sheikhupura-Faisalaba Sheikhupura	i passu hinery of cated at	installments v	fourteen semi a vith expiry date by n -LTF) & by Oc F).	y July	3M KIBO 3KIBOR	,
5.5	First pari passu charge of PKR 267.0 mi present and future fixed assets of unit - Company located at Ferrozwatton, Shei Faisalabad Road, sheikhupura.	II of the		ten equal semi a commencing , 2007			R+2.25% ( 2006 DR + 2.25 %)

- 5.6 The company has entered into two **interest rate swap** agreements with various banks for a notional amount of PKR 650.0 Million (2006: 1,050 Million), maturing upto March 16, 2011. The outstanding balance of these arrangements is PKR 571.428 Million (2006: 1,050 Million) as at the balance sheet date. Under the swap arrangements, the company would receive three and six months KIBOR rates and pay fixed rates of mark-up ranging between 10.25% to 10.90% as per the respective arrangements, which will be settled quarterly and semi-annually. As at the balance sheet date, the net fair value of these interest rate swaps was PKR 609,804 (2006: PKR 1,249,452) in contrary to the company.
- 5.7 The Company has entered into a **cross currency swaps** against long term finances for a notional amount of PKR 299.986 million, maturing upto June 26, 2010. The outstanding balance of these arrangements is PKR 299.986 million (2006: Nil) as at the balance sheet date. Under the swap arrangement the principal payable amount of Rs. 299.986 million is swapped



6.1

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

with USD component at PKR 60.64 per USD making the loan amount to USD 4.947 million which will be exchanged at the maturity of the respective swap agreements. Besides foreign currency component, the company would receive 3 months KIBOR rates and pay 3 months LIBOR + spread 0.65% percent as per the respective arrangements, which will be settled quarterly. As at the balance sheet date, the net fair value of these interest rates and cross currency swaps were PKR 743,271 in favour to the company. These swap arrangements have exposed the company with foreign currency risk on the USD value converted at the agreement date of the principal amount of the loans.

#### 6 LIABILITIES AGAINST ASSETS SUBJECT TO FINANCE LEASE

These represent finance obtained under various lease agreements. The total minimum lease payment are payable in thirty six equal monthly installments. The internal rate of return ranges from 6% (2006: 6%) per annum are used as discounting factor. The lease agreement contains bargain purchase option.

Out of three lease agreement the company has satisfied one lease agreement which it had entered into with the leasing company for lease of machinery by exercising its option to purchase these assets. All the amounts payable to the leasing company were paid and there is no amount outstanding at the end of the period. Taxes, repairs, replacement and insurance costs are borne by the company.

		June 30, 2007 Rupees	June 30, 2006 Rupees				
Present value of minimum lease payments Current portion	12	10,371,656 (10,371,656)	56,250,447 (45,878,791) 10,371,656				
The reconciliation between gross minimum lease payments, future financial charges and present value of minimum lease payments is as under:							
Gross minimum lease payments							
Not later than one year Later than one year but not later than five years		10,392,985 - 10,392,985	42,021,264 15,935,492 57,956,756				
Finance charges allocated to future period Not later than one year		21,329	1,684,980 21,329				
Later than one year but not later than five years  Present value of minimum lease payments		21,329 10,371,656	1,706,309 56,250,447				
Not later than one year Later than one year but not later than five years		10,371,656	40,336,284 15,914,163				

#### 7 LONG-TERM MURABAHA

**Current portion** 

From commercial bank	7.1	37,045,454	58,863,636
Current portion	12	(21,818,182)	(21,818,182)
		15,227,272	37,045,454

10.371.656

(10,371,656)

56.250.447

45,878,791) **10,371,656** 

7.1 The loan is secured by first pari passu charge over property, plant and equipment of Unit-II situated at Ferrozwatton, Sheikhupura-Faisalabad Road, Sheikhupura to the extent of PKR 172 million. The loan is repayable in eleven equal installments with six months grace period. Mark up is payable in twelve semi-annual installments in arrears. Mark-up rate is 3 month KIBOR+0.5% per annum (2006: SBP's 6 month T-bills plus 2% per annum.)

#### 8 DEFERRED LIABILITIES

Employee benefits	8.2	37,300,279	34,077,971
Deferred taxation	8.3	110,836,821	64,661,587
Infrastructure fee	8.4	14,333,986_	10,492,957
		162,471,086	109,232,515



8.1 Valuation has been carried out internally by the management of the Company as at June 30, 2007 using the projected unit credit method assuming a discount rate of 9% (2006: 9%) per annum and expected rate of increase in salaries at 9% (2006: 9%) per annum.

8.2	Movement in net liability recognized in the	June 30, 200 Rupees	07 Jur	ne 30, 2006 Rupees		
	Present value of defined benefits obligation - a Charged to profit and loss account Benefits paid during the year Present value of defined benefits obligation - a		8.2.1	34,077,97 9,555,299 (6,332,991 <b>37,300,27</b> 9	9 <u>(</u>	31,131,840 9,702,140 6,756,009) 34,077,971
8.2.1	The following amounts have been charged loss account during the current year	to the profit a	and			
	Current service cost Interest cost Actuarial (gains) / losses recognized during th Net amount chargeable to profit and loss acco	5,222,960 105,019 4,227,320 <b>9,555,299</b>		5,047,356 2,391,761 2,263,023 <b>9,702,140</b>		
8.2.2	There is no unrecognised actuarial loss / gain					
8.2.3	Historical information	2007 Rupees	2006 Rupees	2005 Rupees	2004 Rupees	2003 Rupees
	Present value of defined benefits obligation	37,300,279	34,077,971	31,131,840	26,528,247	28,206,802
	Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	4,227,320	2,263,023	1,211,831	(862,138)	68,306
8.3	Deferred taxation			lune 30, 200	)7 lur	ne 30. 2006

Deferred taxation	June 30, 2007 Rupees	June 30, 2006 Rupees
The liability for deferred taxation comprises timing differences relating to:	Rupees	Rupees
Accelerated tax depreciation on owned assets	<u> 158,972,863</u>	63,185,779
Provision for employee benefit	(6,899,499)	(4,770,916)
Finance lease	8,139,703	7,043,337
Provision for doubtful debts	(2,320,732)	(796,613)
Unused tax losses	(47,055,514)	_
	(48,136,042)	1,475,808
	110,836,821	64,661,587

8.4 This represents levy of infrastructure fee payable to Excise and Taxation Department Government of Sindh. The Company has filed a suit in the Honourable High Court of Sindh against the levy of said fee on imports by the company. On the direction of Honourable Sindh High Court the goods of the Company are being released against furnishing of bank guarantee during the pendancy of the suit. The company has provided guarantees amounting to PKR 14.6 Million (2006: PKR 10.90 Million) in this respect.

#### 9 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Creditors		116,931,082	247,214,643
Accrued liabilities		40,638,087	35,611,321
Workers' profit participation fund	9.1	19,370,478	18,850,291
Workers Welfare Fund		_	481,665
Unclaimed dividend		235,991	229,316
Others		2,132,154	2,026,091
		179,307,792	304,413,327



9.1	Workers' profit participation fund		June 30, 2007 Rupees	June 30, 2006 Rupees
	Opening balance Interest on funds utilized in the Company's business	9.1.1	18,850,291 2,034,500 20,884,791	12,921,477 1,939,226 14,860,703
	Paid to the fund		11,283,199 9,601,592	5,267,488 9,593,215
	Allocation for the year		9,768,886 19,370,478	9,257,076 18,850,291
	<ul><li>9.1.1 Interest on workers' profit participation fund has been prov</li><li>@ 18.75% (2006: 37.5%) per annum.</li></ul>	rided	13,370,470	10,030,231
10	MARK-UP ACCRUED ON LOANS AND OTHER PAYABLES			
	Mark-up accrued on secured: - long-term financing - short-term borrowings - liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		21,617,737 7,790,193 13,398 29,421,328	19,494,979 8,552,935 175,213 <b>28,223,127</b>
11	SHORT TERM BORROWINGS - SECURED			
	From banking companies			
	Short term money market loan Over Draft	11.2	922,956,297 31,600 <b>922,987,897</b>	511,500,000 4,838,225 <b>516,338,225</b>

- 11.1 The aggregate approved short term borrowing facilities amounted to PKR 2,310 million (2006: PKR 1,844 million).
- **11.2** These facilities are subject to mark-up ranging from 1 to 3 month KIBOR + spread between 0.25% to 1.5% (2006: 1 to 3 month KIBOR + spreads between 0.25 to 1.5%) per annum payable quarterly. These are secured against hypothecation charge on stock and receivables.

	CURRENT PORTION OF LONG TERM BORROWINGS		June 30, 2007 Rupees	June 30, 2006 Rupees
12	Long-term financing	5	318,571,430	145,714,287
	Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	6	10,371,656	45,878,791
	Long-term murabaha	7	21,818,182	21,818,182
			350,761,268	213,411,260

#### 13 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### Contingencies

- **13.1** The Company has issued indemnity bonds amounting to PKR 17.99 million (2006: PKR 24.74 million) in favour of Collector of Customs in lieu of custom levies against various statutory notifications. The indemnity bonds furnished by the company are likely to be released after the fulfillment of term of related SROs.
- **13.2** In normal course of business, commercial banks have issued guarantees on behalf of the company amounting to PKR 38.711Million (2006: PKR 25.52 Million)

		June 30, 2007 Rupees	June 30, 2006 Rupees
13.3	Local bills discounted.	72,365,227	49,307,637
	Commitments		
	Letter of credit Capital work in progress	143,761,087 7,000,000 150,761,087	115,254,784 9,500,000 124,754,784



#### 14 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		C	OST			DEPREC	IATION			
DESCRIPTION	As at 01-07-06	Additions/ (Delections)	Transfer	As at 30-06-07	As at 01-07-06	For the Year	Transfers/ (disposal)	As at 30-06-07	Book value as at 30-06-07	Rate
Company owned	-				RUPEES -					
Leasehold land	433,414	_	_	433,414	-	_	_		433,414	_
Freehold land	120,798,550	-	(194,778)	120,603,772	-	-	-	-	120,603,768	
Building on leasehold land	88.364.671	-	1.379.126	89.743.797	44.775.293	4.419.575	-	49,194,868	40.548.929	10%
Building on freehold land	264,874,043	-	19,604,774	284,478,817	59,024,895	21,298,590	(194,778)	80,128,707	204,350,110	10%
Office premises on leasehold land	24.428.684		2.694.733	27.123.417	6,604,916	935.980	-	7.540.896	19.582.521	5%
Office premises on freehold land	64,047,549	162,378	6,216,093	70,426,020	9,303,926	2.771.200		12,075,126	58,350,894	5%
Plant and machinery										
Plant and machinery	2,047,611,937	501,035	62,233,013	2,110,345,985	530,546,527	156,769,870	9,283,699	696,600,096	1,413,745,889	10%
Equipments and other assets	450,864	2,150,426	-	2,601,290	412,541	324,878	-	737,419	1,863,871	33%
Fast moving Items	2,859,754		-	2,859,754	1,651,508	965,167	-	2,616,675	243,079	33%
Electric Installation	21,549,872	-	900,000	22,449,872	952,442	2,132,243	-	3,084,685	19,365,187	10%
Gas Line & Pipe	5,969,252	1,211,037	-	7,180,289	149,231	656,507	-	805,738	6,374,551	10%
Cooling towers	4,528,720		-	4,528,720	113,218	441,550	-	554,768	3,973,952	10%
Ventilation system	-	_	1.461.897	1.461.897		85,277	_	85.277	1,376,620	10%
Boiler	_	_	18,244,925	18,244,925	_	1,084,525	_	1,084,525	17,160,400	10%
Factory equipments	15.718.324	_	_	15,718,324	11.417.805	444,927	_	11,862,732	3,855,592	10%
Office equipments	16.513.253	288,760	1,958,000	18.760.013	9,786,025	690,458	_	10.476.483	8,283,530	10%
Computer and accessories	1.029.555	200,700	-,000,000	1,029,555	617.928	223,283	_	841,211	188,344	33%
Furniture and fixtures	5,560,251	53.776	309,212	5,923,239	2,889,315	273,882		3,163,197	2,760,042	10%
Vehicles	32,423,360	7.798.785	000,212	36,850,337	17,951,025	3,605,931		19,068,008	17,782,329	20%
	02,420,000	(3,371,808)		00,000,001	17,001,020	0,000,001	(2,488,948)	10,000,000	17,702,020	2070
	2,717,162,053	12,166,197	115.001.773	2.840.763.437	696.196.595	197.123.843	9.283.699	899.920.411	1.940.843.022	
	2,717,102,000	(3,371,808)	(194,778)	2,040,700,407	-	107,120,040	(2,683,726)	000,020,411	1,040,040,022	
Assets subject to finance lease		(3,371,000)	(134,770)				(2,000,720)			
Plant and machinery	128.000.000		(55.425.072)	72.574.928	21.440.000	6.041.862	(9.283.699)	18.198.163	54,376,765	10%
	128,000,000		(55,425,072)	72,574,928	21,440,000	6.041,862	(9,283,699)	18,198,163	54,376,765	1070
June 30, 2007	2,845,162,053	12,166,197	115,001,773	2,913,338,365	717,636,595	203,165,705	(9,203,099)	918,118,574	1,995,219,787	
	2,045,162,055	(3,371,808)	(55,619,850)	2,913,330,305	- 11,030,595	203, 105,705	(2,683,726)	310,110,574	1,993,219,767	
June 30, 2006	1,601,997,984	46,890,105	1,202,626,370	2,845,162,053	558,703,963	162,951,957		717,636,593	2,127,525,460	
•	-	(6,352,406)	-	-	-	-	(4,019,327)	-	-	

Additions includes direct capitalization and transfer from capital work in progress.

Transfer to owned assets includes both transfers from capital work in progress on the related assets becoming available for use and leased assets on completion of the respective lease arrangements.

14.1 The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:

June 30, 2007 June 30, 2006 Rupees Rupees

Cost of sales

28 19 31

198,358,080 158,986,448 4,807,625 3,965,509 203,165,705 162,951,957

Administrative expenses

#### 14.2 DISPOSAL OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Description	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Book value	Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipm	Mode of dispo	osal Particular of buyer
				RUPEES			
Vehicles							
Honda Civic - LXD 3207	887,020	787,511	99,509	450,000	350,491	Negotiation	Mr. Ahmad Hammed 21-C-1, Fiasal Town, Lahore
Suzuki Cultus - LRK 3508	565,850	327,801	238,049	275,000	36,951	Negotiation	Mr. Anjum Sohail House no. 556-B, Faisal Twon, Lahore
Suzuki Khyber - LXH 889	377,738	332,848	44,890	240,000	195,110	Negotiation	Mr. Javaid Akhter House no. P-125, Minal market, Gulberg II Lahore
Toyota Corolla - ABM - 390	650,000	381,264	268,736	470,000	201,264	Negotiation	Mr. Arif pervaiz, House no. A-344 Block 3, Gulshan-e-Iqbal Karachi.
Toyota Hiace - CK - 8861	891,200	659,524	231,676	495,000	263,324	Negotiation	Mr. Hussain House no. 1393, Sakuna Manzil, St. no. 04 Yaqoob Shara Road, Nawabad Layari, Karachi
30-Jun-2007	3.371.808	2.488.948	882.860	1.930.000	1.047.140	_	
30-Jun-2006	6,352,406	4,019,327	2,333,079	5,460,000	3,126,921	=	

(480,000)

(480,000)

875,550

395,550

(649,950)

1,835,550

(480,000)

1,355,550



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Received during the year

Current maturity

Closing balance

15	CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS		June 30, 2007 Rupees	June 30, 2006 Rupees
	Building and other civil work Machinery		8,570,512 677,547	19,245,093 4,670,232
16	LONG TERM INVESTMENTS		9,248,059	23,915,325
	Available for sale 50,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each. Provision for diminution in the value of investments	16.1 16.2	500,000 (75,000) <b>425,000</b>	500,000 (100,000) <b>400,000</b>
16.1 16.2	The investment is made in listed company, Taha Spinning Nather than the market value of these shares was PKR 8.50 per share			0 per share)
17	LONG TERM LOANS - SECURED Un-secured but considered good		June 30, 2007 Rupees	June 30, 2006 Rupees
	Loan and advances to related parties Other loan and advances	17.1 17.2	395,550 8,849,766 <b>9,245,316</b>	1,355,550 4,831,784 <b>6,187,334</b>
17.1	Loan and advances to related parties			
	Opening balance		1,355,550	2,485,500

**17.1.1** Loans to related parties includes loans given to employees under the terms of employment. The maximum amount outstanding at the end of any month during the year was PKR 1,355,550 (2006 : PKR. 2,485,000).

	catetariang at the one of any month daming the year was 1 ft 1,500,000 (2	, ,	
17.2	Other loan and advances	June 30, 2007 Rupees	June 30, 2006 Rupees
	Loan to employees and staff	12,765,805	12,236,300
	Current maturity shown under current assets	(3,916,039)	(7,404,516)
	•	8,849,766	4,831,784
17.2.	I These are repayable over two to five years and are given under the terms of employment.		
18	LONG TERM DEPOSITS		
	Lease security	-	7,257,493
	Electricity	2,078,060	1,623,060
	Telephone	67,900	67,900
	Others	136,591	346,591
		2,282,551	9,295,044
19	STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS		
	Stores	13,353,269	14,626,251
	Spares	9,763,353	9,652,355
	Loose tools	5,295,486	229,688
		28,412,108	24,508,294
20	STOCK IN TRADE		
	Raw material	563,632,349	361,123,391
	Raw material in transit	15,419,134	46,282,119
	Work in process	36,649,985	31,547,899
	Finished goods	222,341,935	154,348,388
	Waste	577,603	733,921
		838,621,006	594,035,718

20.1 Finished goods of NIL (2006: PKR 8,284,598) are being carried at net realizable value.



21	TRADE DEBTS		June 30, 2007 Rupees	June 30, 2006 Rupees
	Foreign - secured against letter of credit Local - unsecured - considered good Local - secured - Against letter of credit Unsecured - considered doubtful		11,606,123 297,622,211 64,387,284 6,978,974 380,594,592	9,484,453 171,482,461 - 5,122,656 186,089,570
	Provision for doubtful debts.		(6,978,974) 373,615,618	(5,122,656) 180,966,914
22	LOANS AND ADVANCES			
	Advances to: Suppliers - unsecured but considered god Suppliers - unsecured and considered do Prepaid Staff - secured Current portion of loan to related party Current portion of loan to others Advance income tax Provision for doubtful supplier advances		660,242 5,000,000 10,381 480,000 3,916,039 43,300,484 53,367,146 (5,000,000) 48,367,146	14,177,450 - 400,856 480,000 7,404,516 37,472,334 59,935,156
23	TRADE DEPOSITS AND SHORT TERM PRI	EPAYMENTS		
	Trade deposits Deposits against infrastructure fees Short term prepayments Current portion of long term loans Margin against letter of credit	23.1	5,319,230 14,600,000 104,973 7,257,493 470,227 27,751,923	570,670 10,900,000 894,642 5,542,507 1,287,995 19,195,814
23.1	Effective mark up rate on these deposits rang from 3% to 7% (June 30, 2006: 3% to 4%) pe			
24	OTHER RECEIVABLES - UNSECURED BUT L/C in transit Other receivables Shortage claim receivables - considered goo		2,451,079 476,867 2,757,514 5,685,460	157,088 576,920 734,008
	Provision for doubtful receivables		(567,435)	(567,435) <b>166,573</b>
25	TAXATION			
	Sales tax refundable		16,304,889 <b>16,304,889</b>	21,432,496 <b>21,432,496</b>
26	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	Balances with banks on: Current accounts Foreign currency account - current		55,522,876 94,611 55,617,487	23,665,148 193,702 23,858,850
27	SALES - NET LOCAL EXPORT	2006 LOCAL EXPORT	- June 2007	June 2006
	LOCAL EXPORT RUP	EES LOCAL EXPORT	Rupees	Rupees
	Yarn	1,488,543,275 366,031,729 39,111,018 1,893,686,022 799,214,296	1,595,027,168 42,791,619	1,771,599,161 882,190,139 39,111,018 2,692,900,318
	Commission (19,817,216) (7,639,661) (1,171,807,962)	(15,706,938) 1,877,979,084 (5,515,543) 793,698,753		<u>(21,222,481)</u> <u><b>2,671,677,837</b></u>



28	COST OF GOODS SOLD		June 30, 2007 Rupees	June 30, 2006 Rupees
	Raw material Packing material	28.1	2,121,472,700 33,747,645	1,510,672,876 30,218,945
	Stores, spares and loose tools Salaries, wages and benefits Processing charges	28.2	95,512,389 172,049,536 1,294,940	96,175,080 143,255,853 6,924,305
	Fees and Subscription Fuel .power and water		8,800 287,433,868	9,268 304,032,466
	Electric duty		1,981,696	408,611
	Insurance Vehicle running and maintenance		8,845,610 2,731,063	5,717,126 2,565,750
	Rent, rate and taxes		424,223	251,016
	Repair and maintenance Communication		3,871,698 546,953	6,458,776 643,117
	Traveling and conveyance		606,652	624,879
	Depreciation	14.1	198,358,080	158,986,448
	Other		3,461,527 2,932,347,380	3,754,474 2,270,698,990
	Work in process			
	Opening stock Transfer from trial run production		31,547,899	17,182,139 18,176,613
	Closing stock		(36,649,985)	(31,547,899)
	Cook of woods many ifact wood		(5,102,086)	3,810,853
	Cost of goods manufactured Finished stocks		2,927,245,294	2,274,509,843
	Opening stock		155,082,309	56,719,361
	Transfer from trial run production Yarn purchased for export		185,111,495	18,971,036 54,457,066
	Closing stock		(222,919,538)	(155,082,309)
			117,274,266 3,044,519,560	(24,934,846) <b>2,249,574,997</b>
28.1	Raw material consumed		3,044,313,300	2,243,314,331
	Opening stock		361,123,391	711,517,263
	Transfer from trial run production Purchases - net		2,352,685,837	13,808,435 1,263,266,693
			2,713,809,228	1,988,592,391
	Cost of raw material sold Closing stock		(28,704,179) (563,632,349)	(116,796,124) (361,123,391)
	olooning oloon		2,121,472,700	1,510,672,876
28.2	Salaries, wages and benefits includes employees benefits amoun	ting to Rs.	8,486,171 (June 30, 20	006: PKR 6,764,609).
29	OTHER OPERATING INCOME Income from financial assets			
	Interest income		2,081 25,000	1,684,859
	Fair value adjustment of investment		27,081	82,500 1,767,359
	Income from assets other than financial assets			2.400.004
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Gain on sale of cotton	29.1	1,047,140 346,067	3,126,921 11,674,337
			1,393,207	14,801,258
29.1	Gain on sale of cotton		1,420,288	16,568,617
23.1	Sales		14,997,615	125,406,004
	Cost of raw cotton sold		(14,651,548)	(113,104,574)
	Commission on sales		346,067	(627,093) 11, <b>674,337</b>



30	DISTRIBUTION COST Export		June 30, 2007 Rupees	June 30, 2006 Rupees
	Freight on export sales		13,847,371	13,164,173
	Export development surcharge		1,957,545	1,517,050
	Others		3,871,944	1,340,941
	Local		19,676,860	16,022,164
	Freight on local sales		8,196,178	8,231,242
	Others		671,507	2,888,877
			8,867,685	11,120,119
			28,544,545	27,142,283
31	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
	Directors' remuneration	37	1,920,000	1,920,000
	Staff salaries and benefits	31.1	21,635,735	20,630,717
	Computer Expenses		314,022	100,000
	Traveling, conveyance and entertainment		3,235,952	3,106,673
	Printing and stationery Communication		1,290,602 2,400,459	1,244,956 2,795,426
	Vehicles running and maintenance		3,631,548	4,008,972
	Legal and professional		731,725	658,000
	Auditors' remuneration	31.2	340,000	310,000
	Fee and subscription		1,146,513	882,096
	Repair and maintenance		1,067,724	877,825
	Depreciation	14.1	4,807,625	3,965,509
	Rent, rates and utilities	24.2	1,765,491	1,425,426
	Donation Doubtful Debts	31.3	944,240 6,856,318	245,000 1,232,374
	Others		998,561	532,976
	Others		53,086,515	43,935,950
31.2	Salaries, wages and benefits includes employees bene Rs. 1,069,128 (June 30, 2006 2,937,531).  Auditors' remuneration	·		
	Annual statutory audit		225,000	195,000
	Half yearly review		80,000	80,000
	Out of pocket expenses		35,000	35,000
			340,000	310,000
31.3	No director or his spouse had any interest in the donee			
32	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES			
	Workers' profit participation fund	9.1	9,768,886	9,257,076
	Workers welfare fund	32.1		481,665
			9,768,886	9,738,741
32.1	The provision for Workers Welfare Fund has been reco	ognised as provided u	nder section 4(1) of Wo	orkers Welfare Fund
33	FINANCE COST			
	Mark-up on:			
	- long-term financing		109,859,978	91,205,259
	- long-term murabaha		4,396,401	5,159,582
	- short-term borrowings		75,613,729 1 347 053	80,689,232 3,700,671
	<ul> <li>liabilities against assets subject to finance lease</li> <li>workers' profit participation fund</li> </ul>		1,347,953 2,034,500	3,700,671 1,939,226
	Bank charges and commission		5,097,247	3,243,572
			198,349,808	185,937,542
	borrowing cost	33.1	-	(16,542,866)
	derivatives financial instrument	5.6 & 5.7	2,630,630	14,996,248
			200,980,438	184,390,924



**33.1** Borrowing costs included in the cost of qualifying assets during the last year arose on the general borrowing pool and are calculated by applying average borrowing rate of the Company as capitalization rate of nil (2006:3.70%) to expenditure on such assets.

34	PROVISION FOR TAXATION		June 30, 2007 Rupees	June 30, 2006 Rupees
	Current - for the year - for prior years	34.1	17,735,240 (2,068,065)	20,931,706 (585,321)
	Deferred	8.3	15,667,175 46,175,234 <b>61,842,409</b>	20,346,385 15,539,935 <b>35,886,320</b>

**34.1** Provision for the current year has been made at normal rates of Income Tax Ordinance 2001. The income tax assessment of the company has been finalized up to the tax year 2005. The income tax assessment of the tax year 2006 is under process

#### 34.2 Numerical reconciliation between the average tax rate and the applicable tax rate

Applicable tax rate	35.00	35.00
Tax effect of amounts that are:		
income assessed under final tax regime	-	13.08
income assessed under minimum tax liability	26.46	_
adjustment of unused tax losses	(8.45)	_
adjustment of the prior years	(1.11)	(0.34)
income chargeable to tax at special rate	` <del>'</del>	2.52
deferred tax	(24.88)	(28.64)
inadmissible expenses	` 5.7 <b>Ś</b>	0.14
others	0.10	(1.09)
	(2.10)	(14.33)
Effective tax rate	32.90	20.67
EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED	41.26	45.86

There is no dilutive effective on the basic earning per shares of the company which is based on:

#### **Earnings**

35

Earnings for the purpose of basic earnings per share 123,766,432 137,577,239 (net profit after tax for the year)

#### **Number of shares**

Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share 3,000,000 3,000,000

Basic earnings per share have been computed by dividing earnings as stated above with weighted average number of ordinary shares.

#### Basic earnings per share 41.26 45.86

No figure for diluted earnings per share has been presented as the Company has not issued any instruments carrying options which would have an impact on earnings per share when exercised.

#### 36 NON ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER BALANCE SHEET DATE

In respect of current period, The Board of Directors in their meeting held on 27th September 2007 has proposed to pay cash dividend of @ 25% i.e. PKR 2.5 per ordinary share of PKR 10 each. This dividend is subject to approval by the shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.



#### $\,$ $\,$ REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND DIRECTORS $\,$

	CHIEF EXECU	CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER		DIRECTOR		TOTAL	
		Year ended June 30,2006	Year ended June 30,2007	Year ended June 30,2006	Year ended June 30,2007	Year ended June 30,2006	
Remuneration	662.069	662.069	662.069	662.069	1.324.138	1,324,138	
Allowances	297,931	297.931	297.931	297.931	595.862	595,862	
7 6	960,000	960,000	960,000	960,000	1,920,000	1,920,000	
Number of persons	; 1	11	1	1	2	2	

37.1 In addition the Chief Executive, and all director are provided with free use of Company maintained cars and telephone for business use.

			200	07				
	Inter	est / Markup be	aring	Non Inte	erest / Markup	bearing		
Financial assets	Maturity Upto One yea Rupees	After One year	Subtotal	Maturity Upto One year Rupees	Maturity After One year Rupees	SUB Total	Total Rupees	Effective Interest Rate %
Trade debts Loans and advances Trade deposits Other receivables Bank balances Long-term loans Long-term deposits Long term investments	14,600,000	- - - - -	14,600,000 - - - - 14,600,000	373,615,618 670,623 13,151,923 5,118,025 4,396,039 - - 396,952,228	55,617,487 9,245,316 2,282,551 425,000 67,570,354	373,615,618 670,623 13,151,923 5,118,025 55,617,487 13,641,355 2,282,551 425,000 464,522,582	373,615,618 670,623 27,751,923 5,118,025 55,617,487 13,641,355 2,282,551 425,000 479,122,582	3 to 7
Financial liabilities								
Long-term financing Trade and other payables Mark-up accrued on loans Short-term borrowings	340,389,612 - - 922,987,897	- - -	1,134,348,016 - - 922,987,897	159,701,323 29,407,930	- - -	159,701,323 29,407,930 -	1,134,348,016 159,701,323 29,407,930 922,987,897	7 and KIBOR + 1 KIBOR + .25 to 1.5
	1,263,377,509	793,958,404	2,057,335,913	189,109,253	-	189,109,253	2,246,445,166	=
On balance sheet gap	(1,248,777,509)	(793,958,404)(	2,042,735,913)	207,842,975	67,570,354	275,413,329	(1,767,322,584)	
Contingencies and comm Guarantees Letters of credit Civil work Indemnity Bond Bill Discount	nitments						38,710,700 143,761,087 7,000,000 17,990,000 72,365,227	

24.740.000

49,307,637



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

OR THE TEAR ENDEL	7 JUNE 30, 2	007	200	06				
	Intere	est / Markup be	aring	Non Interest	/ Markup bear	ing		
Financial assets	Maturity Upto One year Rupees	Maturity After One year Rupees	Subtotal	Maturity Upto One year Rupees	Maturity After One year Rupees	SUB Total	Total Rupees	Effective Interest Rate %
Trade debts Loans and advances Trade deposits Other receivables Bank balances Long-term loans Long-term deposits Long term investments	10,900,000	- - - -	- 10,900,000 - - - - - -	6,187,334 2,037,551 400,000 8,624,885	180,966,914 14,578,306 8,295,814 166,573 23,858,850 14,071,850 2,037,551 400,000 255,275,858	180,966,914 14,578,306 8,295,814 166,573 23,858,850 14,071,850 2,037,551 400,000 255,275,858	180,966,914 14,578,306 19,195,814 166,573 23,858,850 14,071,850 2,037,551 400,000 255,275,858	3 to 4
Financial liabilities								
Long-term financing Trade and other payables Mark-up accrued on loans Short-term borrowings	516,338,225	1,151,331,167 1,151,331,167	1,318,863,636 - - 516,338,225 1,835,201,861		284,852,055 28,047,914 -	1,318,863,636 284,852,055 28,047,914 516,338,225 2,148,101,830	1,318,863,636 284,852,055 28,047,914 516,338,225 2,148,101,830	KIBOR + .25 to 1.5
On balance sheet gap	(672,970,694)(1	1,151,331,167)(	1,824,301,861)	(77,148,996)	8,624,885	(68,524,111)	(1,892,825,972)	
Contingencies and comm Guarantees Letters of credit Civil work	itments						25,500,000 115,254,784 9,500,000	

#### 38.1 Interest rate risk management

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the value of financial instruments. Changes in interest rates can affect the rates charged on interest bearing liabilities. This can result in an increase in interest expense relative to financial borrowings or vice versa. The Company manages its risk by interest rate swapping, maintaining a fair balance between interest rates and financial assets and financial liabilities. The effective interest rates for the monetary financial assets and liabilities are mentioned in respective notes to the financial statements.

#### 38.2 Credit risk and concentration of credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter parties fail to perform as contracted. Out of the total financial assets of PKR 479,122,582 (June 30, 2006: PKR 255,275,858), unsecured long term loans to employees, local trade debts, advances to suppliers, and other receivables amounting in aggregate to PKR 393,045,621 (June 30, 2006: PKR 209,783,643) are subject to credit risk. The Company manages its credit risk by; limiting significant exposure to any individual customers and obtaining advance against sales.

#### 38.3 Liquidity risk

Indemnity Bond Bill Discount

Liquidity risk reflects the Company's inability in raising funds to meet commitments. The management closely monitors the Company's liquidity and cash flow position. This includes maintenance of balance sheet liquidity ratios, debtors and creditors concentration both in terms of the overall funding mix and avoidance of undue reliance on large individual customer.

#### 38.4 Foreign exchange risk management

Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions in foreign currencies. As at June 30, 2007, the total foreign currency risk exposure was PKR 4,735,457 (June 30, 2006: PKR 9,484,453) in respect of foreign trade debts.

#### 38.5 Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arms' length transaction.

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values.



#### 39 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The associated undertaking and related parties comprise associated companies, directors and key management personnel. Transaction with associated undertakings and related parties, other than remuneration and benefits to key management personnel under the term of their employment as disclosed in note 17.1 and 37 are as follow

		June 30, 2007 Rupees	June 30, 2006 Rupees
	Purchase of goods	302,282,745	97,721,697
	Purchase of machinery	-	5,295,406
	Sales of yarn/cotton/fabric	321,228,817	554,722,458
	Services received	998,250	-
	Services rendered	10,828,564	9,212,400
	Electricity purchased	97,851,153	216,030,193
40	PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION	June 2007	Jun 2006
	Spinning		
	Number of spindles installed	67,776	67,776
	Number of rotors installed	192	192
	Number of looms installed	140	140
	Number of spindles worked	67,776	67,776
	Number of rotors worked	192	192
	Number of looms worked	140	140
	Number of shifts per day	3	3
	Installed capacity of yarn after conversion into 20's counts (Kgs.)	23,200,746	23,200,746
	Actual production of yarn after conversion into 20's counts (Kgs.)	23,916,723	25,541,642
	Installed capacity of fabric after conversion into 50 picks - Square meters	26,166,485	20,034,909
	Actual production of fabric after conversion into 50 picks - square meters	33,878,770	24,198,242

It is difficult to precisely describe production capacity and the resultant production converted into base count in the textile industry since it fluctuates widely depending on various factors such as count of yarn spun, raw materials used, spindles speed and twist etc. It would also vary accordingly to pattern of production adopted in a particular year.

#### 41 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company and authorized for issue on 27th September 2007

#### 42 RECLASSIFICATION

- **42.1** In previous year provision for taxation amounting to PKR 20,931,706 was adjusted against the advance tax shown in note 22. In current year provision for taxation has been shown separately
- **42.2** Cash flow statement of previous year has been regrouped by disclosing the provision of Infrastructure fee amounting to PKR 4,155,314 as a adjustments in operating cash flow before working capital changes. Previously it was adjusted against the purchases of property, plant and equipment.
- **42.3** In previous year mark up on long term loan includes the amount of PKR 14,996,248 on account of loss on interest rate swapping which has been now shown seperately under derivatives financial instruments for the purpose of proper comparison with current year.

MUHAMMAD SALIM

CHIEF EXECUTIVE / DIRECTOR

Get + 0

MUHAMMAD SHAKEEL DIRECTOR

F-f-F



#### PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING AS AT 30-06-2007

NUMBER OF SHAREHOLDERS	SHARE HOLDING FROM TO	TOTAL SHARES HELD
101	1 - 100	10,100
30	101 - 500	9,100
12	501 - 1000	10,400
13	1001 - 5000	29,800
3	10001 - 15000	35,400
1	15001 - 20000	17,700
2	20001 - 25000	43,984
1	25001 - 30000	29,872
1	40001 - 45000	42,780
4	50001 - 55000	204,938
3	60001 - 65000	181,600
3	70001 - 75000	216,400
2	80001 - 85000	165,600
2	155001 - 160000	317,900
1	165001 - 170000	165,142
1	170001 - 175000	170,400
1	250001 - 255000	250,176
1	265001 - 270000	267,825
1	335001 - 340000	334,283
1	495001 - 500000	496,600
184		3,000,000



## CATEGORYWISE SUMMARY OF SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 30-06-2007

	CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS	NUMBER OF SHAREHOLDERS	SHARE HELD	PERCENTAGE %
1	Individuals	179	2,414,500	80.48
2	Investment Companies	-	-	-
3	Insurance Companies	1	70,500	2.35
4	Joint Stock Companies	4	515,000	17.17
5	Financial Institutions	-	-	-
6	Modaraba Companies	-	-	-
7	Foreign Investors	-	-	-
8	Co-Operative Society	-	-	-
9	Charitable Institutions	-	-	-
10	Others	-	-	-
	TOTAL	184	3,000,000	100.00

The above two statements include 88 shareholders holding 633,500 shares through the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC)



### PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 30-06-2007

S.	No. Shareholders Category	Percentage	No. of Shares
1	Associated companies undertaking and related parties	-	-
2	NIT / ICP	-	-
3	CEO, Directors and their spouse and minor children		
	Mr. Muhammad Salim		21,929
	Mr. Muhammad Sharif		14,000
	Mr. Muhammad Shaheen		42,780
	Mr. Muhammad Shakeel		22,055
	Mr. Khurram Salim		60,500
	Mr. Bilal Sharif		60,500
	Mr. Muhammad Amin		159,500
	Mr. Adil Shakeel		267,825
	Mrs. Yasmeen Begum		29,872
	Mrs. Anjum Begum		165,142
	Mrs. Seema Begum		53,292
	Mrs. Nazli Begum		50,482
	Mrs Amna Khurram		73,400
	Mrs. Samia Bilal		334,283
	Mrs. Fatima Amin		170,400
	Master Abdullah Bilal		11,000
4	Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institution Insurance Companies, Modarabas and Mutual Funds	ns,	
	modification of the particular and the management and the particular a		
	State Life Insurance Corporation of Pakistan		70,500
5	Details of Trading in the Shares by the Directors, CEO, CFO, Company Secretary and their spouse and minor children		-
6	Shareholders Holding Ten Percent or more Voting Interest		
	-		
	Mrs. Saima Bilal	11.14%	334,283
	Admiral (Private) Limited	16.55%	496,600



#### **PROXY FORM**

ordina <u>ry shares as per Share R</u> eg	jister Folio No.		and/or C	DC Participar	
ID No.	and Sub Accou	nt No. —	h	nereby appoin	
Mr./Mrs./Miss			of	or faili	
him/her		of		as my /	
proxy to act on my/our behalf a	t the 28th Annual	General Meeting	of the Compar	y to be held	
Wednesday October 24, 2007 a	ot 4:20 n m at 1	lmor Chambors	10/2 Pilmor	ia Stroot Of	
WITNESS	ii 4:30 p.m. ai C	mer Champers		la Street, Oi	
I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi and	d/or at any adjour	nment thereof.	Affix		
Signature			Rs. 5/-		
			Revenue		
Name			Stamp		
Address					
	_	(Signature s	hould agree wi	th the	
			signature regist		
CNIC/Passport #		with the Company)			
		WICH	the Company)		
ed this day_of	2007				
s : If a member is unable to attend th	e meeting they m	ay complete and	sian this form a	nd sant it to	
t	h	ay complete and	sign tins form a		
•	••		10/2 8:1	е	
Company Secretary, Bhanero Tex					
I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi so a	s to reach not less	than 48 hours be	efore the time so	:heduled for	
h o I	d	i	n	g	
the meeting.					

should also be submitted.